

# **Mackay Tourism Ltd**

ABN: 56 074 909 265

## **Financial Statements**

**For the Year Ended 30 June 2024**

# Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

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# Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

## Directors' Report 30 June 2024

The directors present their report on Mackay Tourism Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2024. Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

### General information

#### Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

<b>Robert Cocco</b>	Chair
Qualifications	CEO of Regional Development Australia; Bachelor of Applied Science - Biology; Bachelor of Applied Science - Chemistry; Post Graduate Masters in Business Administration
Experience	Over 20 years' experience as CEO and Executive Manager of Not-for-Profit and For-profit organisations; over 15 years' experience as Board Director and Committee Member across, Agribusiness, Government, METS, Construction, Natural Resources, domestic and global, ranking in size and governance from small Not-for-profit to medium for-profit organisations.
<b>Alan Grundy</b>	Appointed 20 June 2024
Qualifications	Monash University Faculty of Business and Economics - Retail Executive Development Program, and 2-year Trade Business Management Certificate Charles Sturt University - one year Business Management Certificate Workplace Trainer and Assessor Level iv.
Experience	25 Years experience in the tourism industry and has acquired many skills in tourism development, product development and global marketing. Committee member of Regional Development Australia Greater Whitsundays 10 years on Management Committee for the Healthy Rivers to Reef Partnership 3 years with Great Barrier Reef Foundation on the Reef Islands initiatives 6 years on Management Committee for Adventure Queensland Spent time as a Councillor for Whitsunday Regional Council 3 years as Chair of the Tourism Whitsundays Board.
<b>Rob Kidd</b>	
Experience	4MK Mackay Breakfast announcer 2020; Star 101.9 Mackay Breakfast announcer; 4CC Gladstone Breakfast announcer/program director 2005 - 2010; Classic Rock 91.5/Vega Melbourne announcer/music director 2003 - 2005; MMM Melbourne announcer/Assistant music director 2001 - 2003; Since 1996 worked at 4CRM, 4TO, 4CC. 4MK FM & 4RO; JSIS Engineering Mackay sales manager 1998 - 1996.
<b>Nicola Willis</b>	
Qualifications	HR degree Bachelor of Science
Experience	20 years in Recruitment Industry specializing in staff attraction and retention.

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

# Directors' Report

30 June 2024

### General information

### Information on Directors

<b>Charlie Bone</b>	Appointed 27 June 2024
Qualifications	Bachelor of Business Deakin University
Experience	Sunstate Fuel Manager of Finance and Administration 2000-2001, CFO 2001-2003, Regional Manager for NQ 2004-2006 and General Manager of B2B Division 2006-2007, General Manager Logistics and Operations 2007-2009, General Manager Dermondy Petroleum SA 2010, Toll Liquid Distributor & Workshop Operations - National Commercial & Operations Manager 2011, M Group Tyre & Mechanical General Manager 2011 to 2017, BIS Regional Manager Northern NSW, QLD & NT 2017 to current
<b>Rainee Shepperson</b>	Appointed 27 June 2024
Qualifications	Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate: Business Management Australian Institute of Business Current enrolment in Master of Business Administration Bachelor of Business Management and Bachelor of Arts - Majoring in Journalism and Creative Writing CQ University.
Experience	Project delivery, strategic planning, marketing and communications in mining, METS, and tourism industries Currently on the Board of Directors for Sarina Community Bank.
<b>Viv Coleman</b>	Appointed on 23 August 2024
Experience	Councillor Isaac Regional Council.
<b>Nathanea McRae</b>	Appointed 23 August 2024
Experience	Councillor Mackay Regional Council.
Jane Pickels	Resigned June 2024
Ian Mason	Resigned 29 February 2024
Kristen Stevenson	Resigned 31 October 2023
Adrian Young	Resigned 27 October 2023
Justin Englert	Resigned June 2024
Gary Porter	Resigned 5 October 2023
Adrian Miles	Resigned 17 April 2024

### Principal activities

The principal activity of Mackay Tourism Ltd during the financial year was the development of Tourism in the Mackay - Isaac Region. No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

## **Mackay Tourism Ltd**

ABN: 56 074 909 265

# **Directors' Report**

**30 June 2024**

### **General information**

#### **Short term objectives**

The Company's short term objectives are to:

- Increase visitors' numbers to Mackay - Isaac region
- Increase visitors' length of stay in the Mackay - Isaac region
- Increase visitor expenditure in the Mackay - Isaac region.

#### **Long term objectives**

The Company's long-term objectives are to:

- Make tourism a cornerstone of the Mackay - Isaac regional economy, creating employment and enhancing liveability for our regional community.

#### **How principal activities assisted in achieving the objectives**

The principal activities during 2023 - 2024 contributed to these objectives through our marketing activities, stimulating our target visitor markets, our destination development strengthening our competitiveness, and our industry activities helping build business professionalism in the delivery of our tourism experiences and services.

#### **Performance measures**

The Company measures its performance by monitoring visitor arrival and length to stay statistics and expenditure, monitoring sales at our Visitors Information Centre, monitoring sales of memberships to local business, and their degree of participation in our programs of promotional and educational activities.

#### **Members' guarantee**

Mackay Tourism Ltd is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$ NIL for members that are corporations and \$ NIL for all other members, subject to the provisions of the company's constitution.

At 30 June 2024, the collective liability of members was \$ NIL (2023: \$ NIL).

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**

ABN: 56 074 909 265

**Directors' Report**

**30 June 2024**

**Meetings of directors**

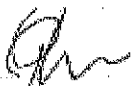
During the financial year, 8 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

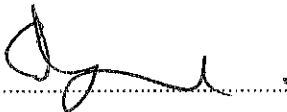
<b>Directors' Meetings</b>		
	<b>Number eligible to attend</b>	<b>Number attended</b>
Cr Justin Englert	7	5
Ian Mason	5	5
Jane Pickels	8	7
Rob Kidd	8	8
Kristen Stevenson	3	-
Robert Cocco	8	8
Adrian Young	3	2
Nicola Willis	8	8
Adrian Miles	7	5
Charlie Bone	1	1
Gary Porter	3	1
Alan Grundy	1	1
Rainee Shepperson	1	1

**Auditor's independence declaration**

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 30 June 2024 has been received and can be found on page 5 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director: .....  .....

Director: .....  .....

Dated: 15/10/2024.

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**

ABN: 56 074 909 265

**Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Mackay Tourism Ltd**

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2024, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Paul Hinton C.A

Date: 15/10/2024

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

### Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<b>Revenue</b>		
Operational funding	978,799	956,000
Co-op marketing income	212,203	311,761
Program and event funding	247,254	606,570
Member subscriptions	44,758	41,120
Business support income	25,000	24,451
VIC commission & merchandise	32,669	52,844
Brochure & display	50,840	-
Interest received	141	584
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>1,591,664</b>	<b>1,993,330</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	-	955
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(6,721)	(8,972)
VIC expenditure	(33,517)	(36,206)
Visitors guide production & distribution	(46,818)	(13,519)
Other operating expenses	(329,291)	(119,967)
Co-op marketing expense	(16,030)	(20,800)
Other marketing expenses	(129,615)	(83,108)
Employee benefits expense	(596,000)	(546,976)
Program and event expenses	(394,539)	(987,883)
<b>Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) before income tax</b>	<b>39,132</b>	<b>176,854</b>
Income tax expense	-	-
<b>Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) after income tax</b>	<b>39,132</b>	<b>176,854</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>39,132</b>	<b>176,854</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



# Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

## Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
<b>Assets</b>			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	545,389	616,746
Trade and other receivables	3	9,458	5,405
Inventories	4	13,196	21,276
Total current assets		<u>568,043</u>	<u>643,427</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant, and equipment	5	17,035	22,867
Total non-current assets		<u>17,035</u>	<u>22,867</u>
Total assets		<u>585,078</u>	<u>666,294</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	18,061	46,275
Contract liabilities	7	133,189	225,322
Total current liabilities		<u>151,250</u>	<u>257,116</u>
Total Non-- Current Liabilities		-	-
Total liabilities		<u>151,250</u>	<u>271,597</u>
Net assets		<u>433,829</u>	<u>394,697</u>
<b>Equity</b>			
Retained earnings	9	433,829	394,697
Total equity		<u>433,829</u>	<u>394,697</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**

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**Statement of Changes in Equity**  
For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

**2024**

	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Balance at 1 July 2023</b>	<b>394,697</b>	<b>394,697</b>
Surplus / (deficit) for the year	<b>39,132</b>	<b>39,132</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2024</b>	<b>433,829</b>	<b>433,829</b>

**2023**

	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Balance at 1 July 2022</b>	<b>217,843</b>	<b>217,843</b>
Surplus / (deficit) for the year	<b>176,854</b>	<b>176,854</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2023</b>	<b>394,697</b>	<b>394,697</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

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### Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	2024	2023
Note	\$	\$
<b>Cash flows activities from operating activities:</b>		
Receipts from customers	1,587,469	2,047,787
Payments to suppliers and employees	(1,658,078)	(1,999,196)
Interest received	141	584
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activities	11 <u>(70,468)</u>	<u>49,175</u>
<b>Cash flow activities from investing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment	-	2,272
Purchase of property, plant, and equipment	<u>(890)</u>	<u>(959)</u>
Net cash provided by/ (used in) investing activities	<u>(890)</u>	<u>1,313</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held	(71,358)	50,488
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>616,747</u>	<u>566,258</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	2 <u><u>545,389</u></u>	<u><u>616,746</u></u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

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# Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis for preparation

The financial report covers Mackay Tourism Ltd as an individual entity. The company is a not-for-profit entity limited by guarantee, incorporated, and domiciled in Australia. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below.

In the directors' opinion, the company is not a reporting entity because there are not users dependent on the general purpose financial statements. The directors have determined that the accounting policies are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of the company. The financial statements are therefore special purpose financial statements that have been prepared in order to meet the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1048 'Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures', as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical cost unless otherwise stated in the notes. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded up to the nearest dollar.

#### (a) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the company is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring of goods and services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the company; identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligation in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand alone selling price for each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer for the goods and services promised. All revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue is reliably measured.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised on transfer of goods to the customer as this is deemed to be the point in time when risks and rewards are transferred and there is no longer any ownership or effective control over the goods.

#### Grant revenue

Grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the company satisfies the performance obligations stated within the funding agreements.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the company is eligible to retain the contribution, the grant will be recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until those conditions are satisfied.

#### Interest revenue and other revenue

Interest is recognised as interest accrued using the effective interest method. Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

# Mackay Tourism Ltd

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## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Revenue and other income

##### Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depending on whether the outcome of the services can be estimated reliably. If the outcome can be estimated reliably then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period.

##### Membership revenue

Revenue from membership subscriptions is now recognised on an accruals basis to reflect the financial year.

#### (b) Income Tax

The Company is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

#### (c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within short term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### (d) Trade and other receivables

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts dues from members to any other grant receipts. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All over receivables are classified as non-current assets.

#### (e) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower cost and current replacement cost.

#### (f) Property, plant, and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount of these assets. In the event that the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount. A form of assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

##### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the historical cost model.

# Mackay Tourism Ltd

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## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (f) Property, plant, and equipment

##### Depreciation

Property, plant, and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Depreciation rate
Plant and equipment	20% - 25%
Motor Vehicles	25%
Computer & communications equipment	20% - 100%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amounts. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

#### (g) Intangible assets

##### Owned digital media

Owned digital media has finite life and is carried as cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

##### Amortisation

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

#### (h) Financial instruments

##### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through the profit and loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. The company has no instruments carried at fair value through the profit and loss.

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (h) Financial instruments

##### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at either fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

*Amortised cost* is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the *effective interest method*.

The *effective interest* method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying amount with a consequential recognition of income or expense item in profit or loss.

*Fair value* is the price the company would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable, and willing market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine fair value of all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

##### (i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derived financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

##### (ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were acquired. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, and unearned income amounts which are all measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

##### Impairment of Financial Assets

At the end of the reporting period the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets have been impaired. A financial asset (or group of financial assets) is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets(s).

# Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (h) Financial instruments

##### Classification and subsequent measurement

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtors or group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised costs (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit loss. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if the management establishes that the carrying amount be recovered by any means, at that point the written off amounts are charges to the allowance account or the carrying amount of the impaired financial asset is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance accounts.

When the terms of the financial assets that would otherwise have been passed due or impaired have been renegotiated, the company recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

##### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire, or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled, or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities, which is extinguished or transferred to another party, and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer or non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses, and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

#### (j) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's obligation for short term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits (other than termination benefits) are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries, and annual leave. Short term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled. The company's obligation for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and annual leave are recognised as part of the accounts payable and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Contributions are made by the entity to an employee Superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred.



# Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (k) Trade payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amount normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

#### (l) Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer or complete services for a customer and are recognised when a customer pays consideration, or when the company recognises a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to consideration (whichever is earlier) before the company has transferred the goods to the customer or completed the specified services for the customer.

#### (m) Economic dependence

Mackay Tourism Ltd is dependent on the Mackay Regional Council and Tourism and Events Queensland for the significant proportion of its revenue used for operational purposes. At the date of this report the directors have no reason to believe the Mackay Regional Council and Tourism and Events Queensland will not continue to support Mackay Tourism Ltd.

#### (n) Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is classified as current when it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

### 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	135,109	102,600
Short-term deposits	410,280	514,146
	<u>545,389</u>	<u>616,746</u>

Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the statement of cash flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the statement of financial position as follows:

<b>Balance as per statement of cash flows</b>	<u>545,389</u>	<u>616,747</u>
-----------------------------------------------	----------------	----------------

### 3 Trade and other receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Prepaid expenses	9,448	1,800
Trade receivables	10	3,605
	<u>9,458</u>	<u>5,405</u>

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**

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**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the Year Ended 30 June 2024**

**4 Inventories**

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
At cost:		
Stock on hand	13,196	21,276
	<u>13,196</u>	<u>21,276</u>

**5 Property, plant, and equipment**

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Plant and equipment		
At cost	39,513	38,622
Accumulated depreciation	(32,586)	(29,879)
	<u>6,927</u>	<u>8,743</u>
Motor vehicles		
At cost	35,105	35,105
Accumulated depreciation	(26,932)	(24,207)
	<u>8,173</u>	<u>10,898</u>
Computer equipment		
At cost	17,120	17,120
Accumulated depreciation	(15,185)	(13,894)
	<u>1,935</u>	<u>3,226</u>
<b>Total property, plant, and equipment</b>	<u><u>17,035</u></u>	<u><u>22,867</u></u>

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

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### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

#### 6 Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade payables	2,400	1,032
Credit cards	3,981	6,007
Travel bookings	1,177	642
Employee annual leave	13,601	14,481
ATO Integrated client account	-	14,148
GST payable	(14,972)	(3,032)
Sundry Creditors and accruals	(85)	(1,199)
Superannuation payable	-	5,309
PAYG tax payable	11,959	8,887
	<u>18,061</u>	<u>46,275</u>

#### 7 Contract liabilities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Unearned / deferred income	133,189	225,322
<b>Total</b>	<u>133,189</u>	<u>225,322</u>

#### 8 Members' Guarantee

The Company is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$ 100 each towards meeting any outstandings and obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2024, the number of members was 162 (2023: 186).

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

ABN: 56 074 909 265

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

#### 9 Retained earnings

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	394,697	217,843
Net surplus/ (deficit) for the year	83,132	176,854
<b>Retained earnings at end of the year</b>	<b>477,829</b>	<b>394,697</b>

#### 10 Contingencies and capital commitments

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any significant contingencies or expenditure commitments at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: None) that are not adequately disclosed in the financial statements.

#### 11 Cash Flow Information

##### (a) Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Net surplus/ (deficit) for the year	39,132	176,854
Non-cash flows in profit:		
- depreciation	6,721	8,972
- net gain on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	-	(956)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	3,595	49,191
- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(7,648)	5,850
- (increase)/decrease in inventories	8,080	937
- increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(27,335)	(123,022)
- (increase)/decrease in contract liabilities	(92,133)	(68,651)
- increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	(880)	-
Cashflows from operations	<b>(70,467)</b>	<b>49,175</b>

#### 12 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:

Mackay Tourism Ltd  
Blue Water Lagoon  
MACKAY MC QLD 4740

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**


ABN: 66 074 909 265

**Directors' Declaration**

The directors of the entity declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 6 to 18, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
  - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the entity.
2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director  .....

Director  .....

Dated: 15/10/2024

## Mackay Tourism Ltd

# Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Mackay Tourism Ltd

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Mackay Tourism Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the directors' financial reporting responsibilities under the *Corporations Act 2001*. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**Mackay Tourism Ltd**

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Mackay Tourism Ltd**

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than from one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention to our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial report, include the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Paul Hinton – CA

Director

Date: 15/10/2024

